

78975 to 79052—Continued.

For previous introduction see No. 65599.

79003. BERBERIS LECOMTEI C. Schneid.

A shrub up to 7 feet high, with slender yellowish-brown spines, one-half inch long, thin lanceolate leaves, and small yellow flowers. Native to southwestern China.

79004. BERBERIS LYCIUM Royle.

A half-evergreen shrub, 10 feet high, with narrow bright-green leaves and pale-yellow flowers followed by ovoid violet berries. It is native to northern India.

For previous introduction see No. 76215.

79005. BERBERIS ORTHOBOTRYS Bienert.

A semievergreen barberry with very large crimson berries.

For previous introduction see No. 66688.

79006. BERBERIS POLYANTHA Hemsl.

A practically evergreen shrub 6 to 10 feet high, somewhat like *B. aggregata*, with slender simple or 3-pronged thorns, obovate leaves mostly rounded at the apex, and yellow flowers which are produced during June and July in large drooping panicles. The red berries are quickly destroyed by frost. Native to China.

For previous introduction see No. 58140.

79007 to 79011. BRASSICA spp. Brassicaceae. Mustard.**79007. BRASSICA BALEARICA Pers.**

A wild perennial mustard, native to the Balearic Islands, about 2 feet high, with a woody base.

79008. BRASSICA CAMPESTRIS L.

Rutabaga.

79009. BRASSICA ERUCASTRUM L.

A wild perennial mustard with yellow flowers, native to the mountains of southern Europe.

79010. BRASSICA LAEVIGATA Lag.

An annual mustard up to 8 inches high, with pinnatifid leaves in a basal rosette and small white flowers.

79011. BRASSICA NIGRA (L.) Koch. Black mustard.

For previous introduction see No. 45001.

79012. CYTISUS SPACHIANUS (Webb) Kuntze.

A Canary Island shrub, 6 to 8 feet high, with elongated racemes of fragrant bright-yellow flowers.

For previous introduction see No. 76246.

79013. DIANTHUS REQUIENII Godr. Pink.

A hardy herbaceous perennial up to 10 inches high, rather stiff linear leaves, and a solitary bright-red flower. Native to the Pyrenees.

79014 to 79016. DIMORPHOTHECA spp. Asteraceae.**78975 to 79052—Continued.****79014. DIMORPHOTHECA AURANTIACA DC. Winter cape-marigold.**

A South African perennial, somewhat shrubby at times, with thickish oblong or spatulate leaves and large heads of orange-yellow flowers.

79015. DIMORPHOTHECA HYBRIDA (L.) DC. Cape-marigold.

A South African composite of variable size and habit. The hairy obovate leaves are 1 to 3 inches long, and the flowers, about 2 inches across, are white above and purple beneath.

79016. DIMORPHOTHECA PLUVIALIS (L.) Moench. Cape-marigold.

An erect or diffuse, simple or branched annual from the Cape of Good Hope. The oblong or obovate leaves are hairy, and the flowers, white above and purple beneath, are in terminal heads.

79017 to 79020. ERICA spp. Ericaceae. Heath.**79017. ERICA AUSTRALIS L.**

An evergreen shrub 2 to 3 feet high, native to Portugal, with small rose-purple flowers.

79018. ERICA SCOPARIA L. Besom heath.

An evergreen southern Europe shrub, 10 feet high, with upright branches, small lustrous dark-green linear leaves in whorls of three or four, and long cylindrical spikes of greenish-white flowers.

For previous introduction see No. 78681.

79019. ERICA STRICTA Donn. Corsican heath.

For previous introduction and description see No. 78898.

79020. ERICA TETRALIX L. Crossleaf heath.

A low shrub with its leaves in whorls of four and umbellate clusters of rosy flowers. Native to western Europe.

79021 to 79028. GENTIANA spp. Gentianaceae. Gentian.**79021. GENTIANA ASCLEPIADEA L. Milkweed gentian.**

For previous introduction and description see No. 78858.

79022. GENTIANA ASCLEPIADEA L. Milkweed gentian.

Variety *alba*. A white-flowered form.

79023. GENTIANA CRUCIATA L. Cross gentian.

For previous introduction and description see No. 78931.

79024. GENTIANA FETISOWII Regel and Winkler.

A hardy herbaceous perennial, native to Turkestan, about 6 inches high, with small deep-blue flowers.

79025. GENTIANA FREYNIANA Borum.

A vigorous species rather close to *Gentiana septemfida*, requiring similar